2019

# AP<sup>°</sup> Environmental Science

# Sample Student Responses and Scoring Commentary

# Inside:

**Free Response Question 2** 

- **☑** Scoring Guideline
- ☑ Student Samples
- **☑** Scoring Commentary

© 2019 The College Board. College Board, Advanced Placement, AP, AP Central, and the acorn logo are registered trademarks of the College Board. Visit the College Board on the web: collegeboard.org. AP Central is the official online home for the AP Program: apcentral.collegeboard.org.

# AP<sup>®</sup> ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE 2019 SCORING GUIDELINES

# **Question 2**

As conventional sources of crude oil are depleted, unconventional sources such as oil sands (also known as tar sands) are being utilized. Oil sands contain bitumen, which can be processed into a synthetic crude oil. A region of boreal forest in Alberta, Canada, that covers a deposit of oil sands will be cut and removed during the process of bitumen extraction. It is estimated that the deposit contains 73 billion barrels of recoverable bitumen. The rate of extraction from the deposit will be approximately 1 million barrels of bitumen per day.

(a) **Identify** one ecological benefit, other than providing habitat, that is provided by forests.

- (1 point for the correct identification of an ecological benefit provided by forests)
  - Absorb carbon dioxide/produces oxygen (gas exchange)
  - Maintain ecological and/or species diversity
  - Provide food for organisms
  - Moderate/regulate (local) climate
  - Purify/filter water or air
  - Reduce soil erosion
  - Absorb/store/regulate water
  - Help maintain stream temperature/stream flow
  - Aid in nutrient cycling
  - Aid in soil formation

(b) **Identify** one economic benefit that is provided by forests.

(1 point for the correct identification of an economic benefit provided by forests)

- Source of forest products (timber, medicine, nuts, crops such as shade-grown coffee, etc.)
- Tourism
- Jobs in recreation/tourism/forestry
- Reduction in air pollutants, which can
  - reduce health care costs
  - improve crop yields
- (c) **Describe** TWO environmental consequences, other than those related to the loss of boreal forest habitat, that result from the extraction of bitumen or the transportation of synthetic oil to customers.

(2 points; 1 point for each correct description of an environmental consequence that results from the extraction of bitumen or the transport of synthetic oil to customers)

- Release of greenhouse gases/air pollutants such as NO<sub>X</sub> from fossil fuel combustion that powers equipment/transportation/oil processing
- Release of air pollutants (NO<sub>X</sub>, SO<sub>X</sub>, or particulates) during mining operations or oil processing
- Storage and disposal of large amounts of solid/liquid mining waste, which can be toxic to organisms
- Pollution of surface water and/or groundwater from oil spills/leaks during transport
- Sediment pollution in surface water and/or groundwater from strip mining
- Disturbance from pipelines, such as habitat fragmentation, disruption of migratory routes, etc.
- Noise pollution from use of machinery during processing or transport
- Diversion/use of water from surface water and/or groundwater for processing oil

# AP<sup>®</sup> ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE 2019 SCORING GUIDELINES

## **Question 2 (continued)**

- (d) Assuming the above extraction rate, **calculate** how many days will be needed to extract the recoverable volume of bitumen from the oil sands.
  - (2 points; 1 point for the correct setup and 1 point for the correct answer)

 $7.3 \times 10^{10}$  barrels of bitumen  $\times \frac{1 \text{ day}}{1.0 \times 10^6}$  barrels of bitumen

=  $7.3 \times 10^4$  days = 73,000 days

(Note: Units are not required in the answer)

(e) **Calculate** how many years will be needed to fully extract the recoverable volume of bitumen from the oil sands.

(2 points; 1 point for the correct setup and 1 point for the correct answer; incorrect answer from (d), used correctly, can still earn points in part (e)

$$7.3 \times 10^4$$
 days  $\times \frac{1 \text{ year}}{365 \text{ days}}$   
=  $2 \times 10^2$  years  
= 200 years

(Note: Units are not required in the answer.)

(f) Monthly production of synthetic crude oil is 30 million barrels. Producing one barrel of synthetic crude oil uses two barrels of heated freshwater. Calculate the number of barrels of freshwater needed each year to supply this demand.

(2 points; 1 point for the correct setup and 1 point for the correct answer)

 $\frac{3 \times 10^7 \text{ barrels of synthetic oil}}{1 \text{ month}} \times \frac{2 \text{ barrels of fresh water}}{1 \text{ barrel of synthetic oil}} \times \frac{12 \text{ months}}{1 \text{ year}}$ 

=  $7.2 \times 10^8$  barrels of fresh water

= 720,000,000 barrels of fresh water

(Note: Units are not required in the answer)

- 2. As conventional sources of crude oil are depleted, unconventional sources such as oil sands (also known as tar sands) are being utilized. Oils sands contain bitumen, which can be processed into a synthetic crude oil. A region of boreal forest in Alberta, Canada, that covers a deposit of oil sands will be cut and removed during the process of bitumen extraction. It is estimated that the deposit contains 73 billion barrels of recoverable bitumen. The rate of extraction from the deposit will be approximately 1 million barrels of bitumen per day.
  - (a) Identify one ecological benefit, other than providing habitat, that is provided by forests.
  - (b) Identify one economic benefit that is provided by forests.
  - (c) **Describe** TWO environmental consequences, other than those related to the loss of boreal forest habitat, that result from the extraction of bitumen or the transportation of synthetic oil to customers.

GHG tellessed (d) Assuming the above extraction rate, calculate how many days will be needed to extract the recoverable volume of bitumen from the oil sands.

- (e) Calculate how many years will be needed to fully extract the recoverable volume of bitumen from the oil sands.
- (f) Monthly production of synthetic crude oil is 30 million barrels. Producing one barrel of synthetic crude oil uses two barrels of heated freshwater. **Calculate** the number of barrels of freshwater needed each year to supply this demand.

- act as a cathon sink & provide carbon snestration day towists to and encourage eco-tourtsm stimmate to local elonomy Machinery needed for the extraction of oil and firel, which the can produce cathon dioxide or cathon monoxide when Wer

a greenhouse gas and Reat Calbon dioxide 15 abon dioxide. from machinen ef extact 10 contabute atmos nother OMVINONMEN Climate rentially

Unauthorized copying or reuse of any part of this page is illegal.

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

-10-

2A 2 of 2

ADDITIONAL PAGE FOR ANSWERING QUESTION 2 the synthetic pipelinios are used to transport oil, the pipelines could leak a ruptive, leading to the synthetic oil contammating valuable stores. ground worke of applies day 73×103 days 73×107 happens 1×106 barrels = 7.3x 10ª 1 days = 73000 days needed to extract the reaverable bitminen 73×109 1 dan barets 1 YPAI 1×106 barrels 365 0 (*i* 1 700 7.3×104 73 x103 \_ 73000 365 73000 36.5 736 365 365 000 = 200 years needed 2 harres beshirede 30 × 106 basets of synthetic of 12 months 1 barret oil 1 year ar month 720×106 Ξ 7.20 × 108 bassels of Ø heater Freshlate

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

-11-

- 2. As conventional sources of crude oil are depleted, unconventional sources such as oil sands (also known as tar sands) are being utilized. Oils sands contain bitumen, which can be processed into a synthetic crude oil. A region of boreal forest in Alberta, Canada, that covers a deposit of oil sands will be cut and removed during the process of bitumen extraction. It is estimated that the deposit contains 73 billion barrels of recoverable bitumen. The rate of extraction from the deposit will be approximately 1 million barrels of bitumen per day.
  - (a) Identify one ecological benefit, other than providing habitat, that is provided by forests.
  - (b) Identify one economic benefit that is provided by forests.
  - (c) **Describe** TWO environmental consequences, other than those related to the loss of boreal forest habitat, that result from the extraction of bitumen or the transportation of synthetic oil to customers.
  - (d) Assuming the above extraction rate, **calculate** how many days will be needed to extract the recoverable volume of bitumen from the oil sands.
  - (e) **Calculate** how many years will be needed to fully extract the recoverable volume of bitumen from the oil sands.
  - (f) Monthly production of synthetic crude oil is 30 million barrels. Producing one barrel of synthetic crude oil uses two barrels of heated freshwater. Calculate the number of barrels of freshwater needed each year to supply this demand.

<u>(a)</u>	Forests	ove	z very	useful	Carbon	sink,	absorbing
	Carbon	from	the l	Of mo SPW	ne for	phylosian	was to
	moduce.	OXIAPIA	Thus,	they	are i	montant	ŝ
,	- A MP MAL A	aver in ha	178 0055	from	hildum in	Ĵ.	
	Privor	j	<u>,,,,,</u> ),		with the second		
b)	Foresk	Dovin		ahle .	e contrait	(130UK	es
			hander			and S	. 1- touthe
	<u></u>		h	Louge tra	halon	tele	)
	<u> </u>	Ning	<u>-1(#7515</u>	- Ward ton	<u>ker</u> e	- Ires-	/1
	(UMAD)	NIC.	<u>visoviils</u>	<u>anona</u>			
<u>c`)</u>	The	extractiv	n d	bitumer	n will	result	ίn
	inciran	ed soil	. ender	n as	mon	d	the
	suil	15	exp osed	to	water	and wi	ind. This
	19005	to 1	nuch less	biodin	entry a	ind feat	lity in he
					1		i.
Unauthorized any part of this	copying or reuse of s page is lilegal.	ſ			c		HE NEXT PAGE.

-10-

#### ADDITIONAL PAGE FOR ANSWERING QUESTION 2

term. Kong Allinanolly transportation of this two synthetic or will releage Illels atmonted 05 traves RM  $O_{2}$ ine long distances into. These iUSTO MAN. increased Ponon: Susilins Extrer worden in effect and contribute to climate Change arenhow AD MAKID 73×10° 73×103 <u>ل</u>لهـ h wels 1x 10 Barnels 73 000 CARAL Dillin 100 200 years 0  $\mathcal{H}$ P 30 Whill Mon bainets 720 million 2 barrels water 12 marthy yr barrel uil month bands upp. freshubiler are needed each => 720 million beingels .F demant. supply this Year <u>n</u>

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

-11-

- 2. As conventional sources of crude oil are depleted, unconventional sources such as oil sands (also known as tar sands) are being utilized. Oils sands contain bitumen, which can be processed into a synthetic crude oil. A region of boreal forest in Alberta, Canada, that covers a deposit of oil sands will be cut and removed during the process of bitumen extraction. It is estimated that the deposit contains 73 billion barrels of recoverable bitumen. The rate of extraction from the deposit will be approximately 1 million barrels of bitumen per day.
  - (a) Identify one ecological benefit, other than providing habitat, that is provided by forests.
  - (b) Identify one economic benefit that is provided by forests.
  - (c) **Describe** TWO environmental consequences, other than those related to the loss of boreal forest habitat, that result from the extraction of bitumen or the transportation of synthetic oil to customers.
  - (d) Assuming the above extraction rate, **calculate** how many days will be needed to extract the recoverable volume of bitumen from the oil sands.
  - (e) **Calculate** how many years will be needed to fully extract the recoverable volume of bitumen from the oil sands.
  - (f) Monthly production of synthetic crude oil is 30 million barrels. Producing one barrel of synthetic crude oil uses two barrels of heated freshwater. **Calculate** the number of barrels of freshwater needed each year to supply this demand.

(a) forests are a big oxygen supply / CO2 regulator for the
environment due to plants performing photosynthesis.
(b) Wood from trees has a very large economie value when
it is sold on at a large scale line from a forest. Forests
_ can provide money through tourism like hiking and ropes
courses.
(c) This extraction will greatly disturb the Forests habitats.
And The animals living in the forest will no corger have
_ a safe home during extraction, as need are ut down
and humans are distribing the ecosystem. Mathematic
Transportation of the oil also homible for the
environment as the hangportation theyes will contribute to air
polluinon.

Unauthorized copying or reuse of any part of this page is lliegal.

#### GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

-10-

#### ADDITIONAL PAGE FOR ANSWERING QUESTION 2

73 billion barrels 1 day 10 million I million barrels 1 billion (d) 730 days it will take 730 days to extract the recoverable volume bitumen (73 billion barrels) from the oil sands of (e) 730 days. lyr years 365 days It will take 2 years to Puly extract the recoverable volume timen Bon the oil sants 30 million/barrels<sup>CO</sup> 1,000,000 barrels<sup>CO</sup> 2 barrels heated FW 1 month I barrel<sup>CO</sup> I barrel<sup>CO</sup> = 720,000,000 barrels of heated fresh water It will take 720,000,000 barrels of freshwater each year to supply the stated demand.

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

-11-

# AP<sup>®</sup> ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE 2019 SCORING COMMENTARY

# **Question 2**

Note: Student samples are quoted verbatim and may contain spelling and grammatical errors.

#### Overview

The intent of this question was for students to evaluate the benefits of forests, the consequences of extraction of bitumen and to complete several calculations relating to the extraction of bitumen and production of synthetic crude oil. Students were asked to identify an ecological benefit and an economic benefit provided by forests. These concepts were drawn from the following section of the topic outline: II. The Living World, A. Ecosystem Structure. Students were then asked to describe two environmental consequences that result from the extraction of bitumen or the transport of synthetic oil. These concepts were drawn from the following sections of the topic outline: IV. Land and Water Use, B. Forestry and VI. Pollution, A. Pollution Types.

In the second part of the question, students were asked to calculate the number of days needed to extract the recoverable volume of bitumen from oil sands based on a given extraction rate. Students were then asked to calculate how many years would be needed to fully extract the recoverable volume of bitumen from the oil sands. Finally, students were asked to calculate the number of barrels of freshwater needed to produce 30 million barrels of synthetic crude oil in a year. These concepts were drawn from the following sections of the topic outline: I. Earth Systems and Resources, C. Global Water Resources and Use and IV. Land and Water Use, E. Mining.

#### Sample: 2A Score: 10

The response earned 1 point in part (a) for identifying "carbon sink" as an ecological benefit of forests. The response earned 1 point in part (b) for identifying "draw tourists" as an economic benefit of forests. The response earned 2 points in part (c): 1 point for describing that fossil fuel combustion by machinery used in extraction results in greenhouse gas production and 1 point for describing pipeline leaks that lead to contamination of groundwater as environmental consequences that result from the extraction of bitumen or the transportation of synthetic oil. The response earned 2 points in part (d): 1 point for the correct setup with units and 1 point for the correct answer. The response earned 2 points in part (e): 1 point for the correct setup with units and 1 point for the correct answer. The response earned 2 points in part (f): 1 point for the correct setup with units and 1 point for the correct answer.

#### Sample: 2B Score: 8

The response earned 1 point in part (a) for identifying "carbon sink" as an ecological benefit of forests. The response earned 1 point in part (b) for identifying "resources such as lumber" as an economic benefit of forests. No points were earned in part (c). The student identifies two environmental consequences, but one is related to the loss of boreal forest habitat and one is not specific to the extraction of bitumen or the transport of synthetic oil. The response earned 2 points in part (d): 1 point for the correct setup with units and 1 point for the correct answer. The response earned 2 points in part (e): 1 point for the correct setup with units and 1 point for the correct answer. The response earned 2 points in part (f): 1 point for the correct setup with units and 1 point for the correct answer.

# AP<sup>®</sup> ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE 2019 SCORING COMMENTARY

## **Question 2 (continued)**

#### Sample: 2C Score: 6

The response earned 1 point in part (a) for identifying "oxygen supply" as an ecological benefit of forests. The response earned 1 point in part (b) for identifying "wood ... is sold" as an economic benefit of forests. No points were earned in part (c). The student identifies two environmental consequences, but one is related to the loss of boreal forest habitat and one is not specific to the extraction of bitumen or the transport of synthetic oil. No points were earned in part (d) because the student has an invalid conversion factor in the calculation setup and an incorrect answer. The response earned 2 points in part (e): 1 point for a correct setup with units using the incorrect answer from part (d) and 1 point for a correct answer from the setup the student provides. The response earned 2 points in part (f): 1 point for the correct setup with units and 1 point for the correct answer.