2019



# **AP<sup>°</sup> World History** Sample Student Responses and Scoring Commentary

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**Short Answer Question 4** 

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## **AP® WORLD HISTORY** 2019 SCORING GUIDELINES

### **Short Answer Question 4**

Answer all parts of the question that follows.

a) Identify ONE <u>economic</u> change in the period 1750–1900 that led to the formation of new elites.

b) Explain ONE way that, despite economic change, traditional elites remained powerful in the period 1750–1900.

c) Explain ONE way in which the formation of new elites in the period 1750–1900 led to the emergence of new ideologies.

0–3 points

Score 3 Response accomplishes all three tasks set by the question.

Score 2

Response accomplishes two of the tasks set by the question.

Score 1 Response accomplishes one of the tasks set by the question.

Score 0 Response accomplishes none of the tasks set by the question.

Score NR No response. Response is completely blank.

#### **Scoring Guide**

#### 0–3 points

- ONE point for identifying one economic change in the period 1750–1900 that led to the formation of new elites
- ONE point for explaining one way that, despite economic change, traditional elites remained powerful in the period 1750–1900
- ONE point for explaining one way in which the formation of new elites in the period 1750–1900 led to the emergence of new ideologies

#### **Scoring Notes**

#### Examples of responses to part (a) that would earn credit:

- Industrialization led to new elites.
- Capitalism led to the formation of a middle class in industrial societies.
- European colonial expansion in Africa and Asia led to the formation of new elites in Europe and the colonial societies.

# **AP<sup>®</sup> WORLD HISTORY** 2019 SCORING GUIDELINES

## **Short Answer Question 4 (continued)**

#### Examples of responses to part (b) that would earn credit:

- Aristocrats maintained power through existing wealth.
- Many traditional elites remained powerful in the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries because they used their wealth to engage or invest in industrial capitalism.
- Native elites in colonial territories often remained powerful by making agreements with European powers to retain their positions, privileges, and wealth.

#### Examples of responses to part (c) that would earn credit:

- Socialism emerged as a reaction against the perceived excesses of the capitalist industrial class.
- Nationalism and Social Darwinism emerged to promote military and imperial expansion favored by the new industrial elites.
- Feminism emerged to advocate for allowing women to gain access to the new jobs, educational opportunities, and expanding political rights available to men in industrial societies.

**Important:** After you have completed your response to <u>either</u> Question 3 <u>or</u> Question 4, completely fill in the circle that corresponds to the question you answered.

Write your answer to SHORT-ANSWER QUESTION 3 or 4 on this page only. Do NOT write outside the box. Do not skip lines. A. The industrial revolution created many new jobs and increased the working class. The industrial nevolution was a large factor in the meatron of a middle class. The owner of these big companiest - factories made lots of money, cheating a new group of eutes, and this economic charlese caused the factory owners to 10000 have more groney nence more power B in George, Britain, the partiament still remained in power over the people, and kings and areens still had ultimar which were the people. The had increased social and point DOWER it hemained lanner. 1 Kept DOILH wer offening CILL DO le people elites in Darriament stil remained powerful throughout the period. for mation of factory owners who were found on money ud to the importance and appearance of socialism. @ Factory Workers were tined of the poor working conditions and long hours, kgan to support socialist movements for Equality. These morements almed workers better conditions and aimed to more equality an peope, but mustly , amore

#### End of response area for Question 3 or Question 4

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Write your answer to SHORT-ANSWER QUESTION 3 or 4 on this page only. Do NOT write outside the box. Do not skip lines.

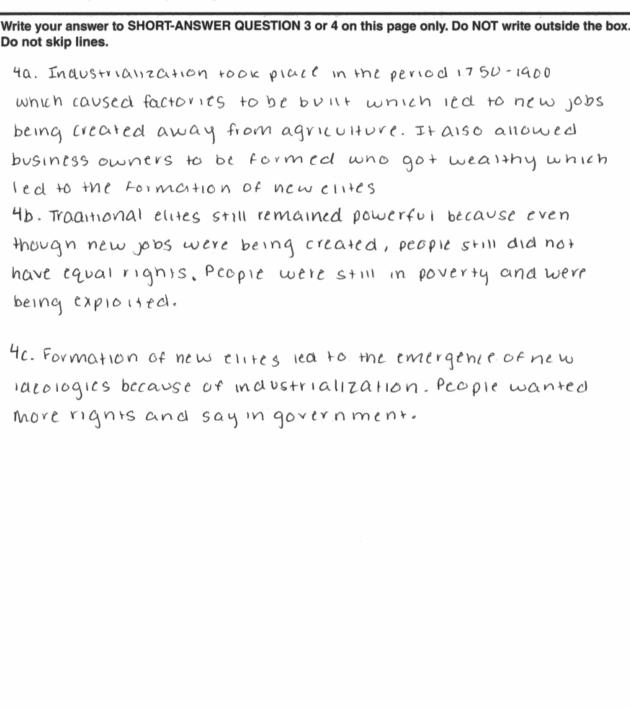
a) One conomic change in the period 1750-1900 was the growth and of a pitalism in major nations such as the U.S., Europe, Capitalism promoted private ownership which in turn led to the formation of new clites as private business' grew in power and in some cases created monopolies. This a Loved them to form a greater income and have a higher status in society.

b) Traditional elites remained powerful due to their immense impact and rale on a country's government. For example, before the French Revolution in late 18th century, aristocratic families/ men enjoyed great power and wealth because they helped the monarch rule the country! make laws.

c) The formation of new elites led to the rise of persont | lower elass agitation. In industrial nations such as Russia and Great Britain, labor strikes and whons became more common due to unfair wages | working conditions, etc. While the elite classes enjoyed their wealth and power over workers [ civilians, the lawer classes had to face (endure crue) conditions in arder to earn money. which was unjust.

#### End of response area for Question 3 or Question 4

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#### End of response area for Question 3 or Question 4

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# AP<sup>®</sup> WORLD HISTORY 2019 SCORING COMMENTARY

## **Short Answer Question 4**

Note: Student samples are quoted verbatim and may contain spelling and grammatical errors.

#### Overview

For this short-answer question, students were expected to identify economic changes that led to the formation of new elites in the period 1750–1900. Students were also expected to explain how the traditional elites, despite economic change, remained in power in the period 1750–1900. Finally, students were expected to explain how the formation of the new elites led to the emergence of a new ideology in the period 1750–1900. The question addressed Key Concepts 5.1 and 5.2 in the AP World History Curriculum Framework and the historical reasoning skills of Contextualization, Causation, and Continuity and Change.

#### Sample: 4A Score: 3

- a) The response earned 1 point because it identifies wealthy factory owners as a new class of elites that emerged from the Industrial Revolution.
- b) The response earned 1 point because it explains how traditional elites continued to control monarchies and legislative bodies (parliaments) to maintain political power.
- c) The response earned 1 point because it explains how poor conditions for workers led to the emergence of socialism.

#### Sample: 4B Score: 2

- a) The response earned 1 point because it identifies capitalism as the economic change in the period 1750–1900 that led to the formation of new elites.
- b) The response earned 1 point because it explains how traditional elites such as aristocrats remained in power in the period 1750–1900 by helping the monarch rule and make laws.
- c) The response did not earn the point because it does not address or explain an ideology that emerged from the formation of new elites in the period 1750–1900.

#### Sample: 4C Score: 1

- a) The response earned 1 point because it states that wealthy business owners emerged as new elites because of industrialization.
- b) The response did not earn the point because it does not sufficiently explain how continuing inequality and exploitation allowed traditional elites to remain powerful.
- c) The response did not earn the point because it does not address a specific ideology that emerged because of the formation of new elites.